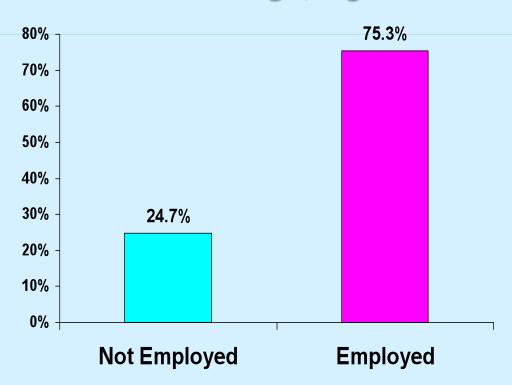


## Young Adults in the Workplace

Deborah Galvin, Ph.D., SAMHSA,CSAP Georgia Karuntzos, Ph.D., RTI Laurie Cluff, Ph.D., RTI 22nd Annual NPN Research Conference Anaheim, California 2009 Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration www.samhsa.gov

## The Majority of Current Illicit Drug Users Are Employed (Current Users of Illicit Drugs, Ages 18 and Over)



Source: National Survey on Drug Use and Health: 2007

## Illicit Drug Use Among Full-Time Workers Trends by Major Occupation/Industry Code: 2002-2004

Occupation /Industry	% Illicit Drug Use
Food Services and Preparation	16.9
Construction	13.7
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	11.6
Information	11.3
Management of Companies, Admin, Services	10.9
Retail Trade	9.4
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	8.0
Mining	7.3
Transportation and Warehousing	6.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	6.1
Educational Services	4.0
Utilities	3.8

Source: Worker Substance Use and Workplace Policies and Programs, 2007

#### Heavy Alcohol Use Among Full-Time Workers Trends by Major Occupation/Industry: 2002-2004

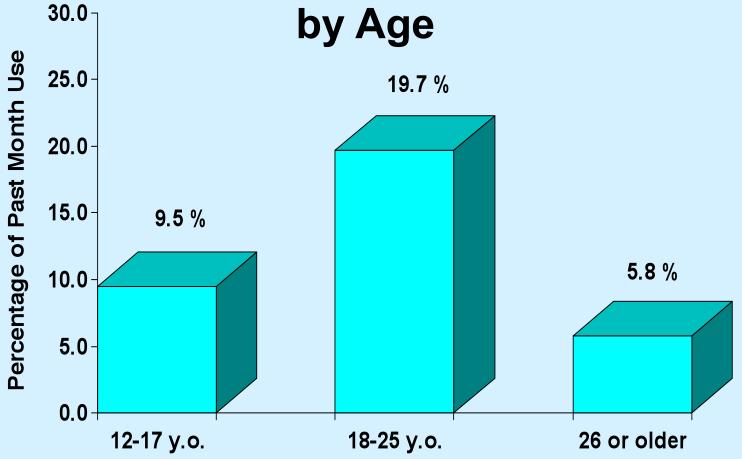
#### **Occupation /Industry**

#### % Current Heavy Alcohol Use

Construction	15.9
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	13.6
Mining	13.3
Food Services and Preparation	12.0
Management of Companies, Admin, Services	10.4
Utilities	10.1
Manufacturing	9.5
Transportation and Warehousing	8.6
Professional, Scientific, and Technical	7.1
Health Care and Social Assistance	4.3
Educational Services	4.0

Source: Wester Substance Use and Workplace Policies and Programs, 2007

## Percent Past Month Use of Any Illicit Drug



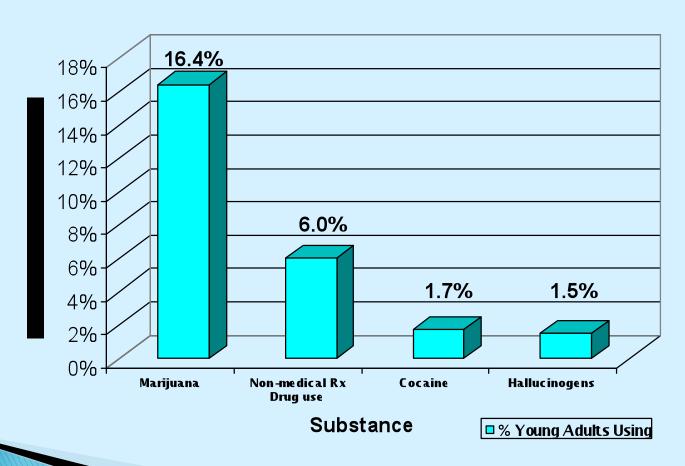
Source: National Survey on Drug Use and Health: 2007

### Past Month Illicit Drug Use among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Employment Status: 2007



"Other" Employment category includes retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force.

# Percent of Young Adults Reporting Current Drug Use, by substance

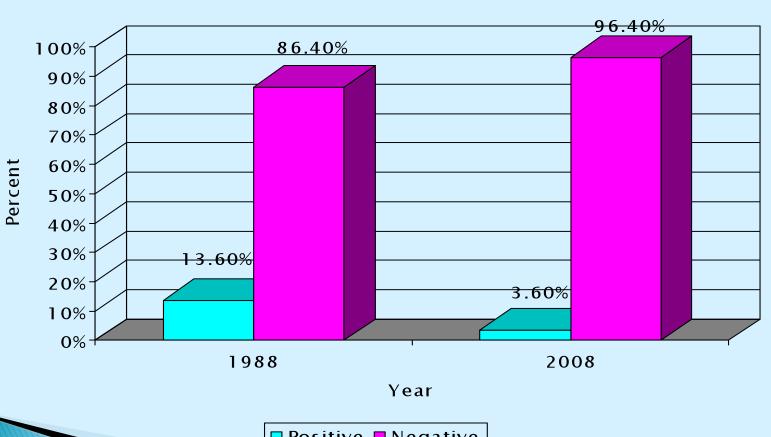


**Source: 2008 NSDUH Report** 



#### Quest Diagnostics, Drug Testing Index, 2007

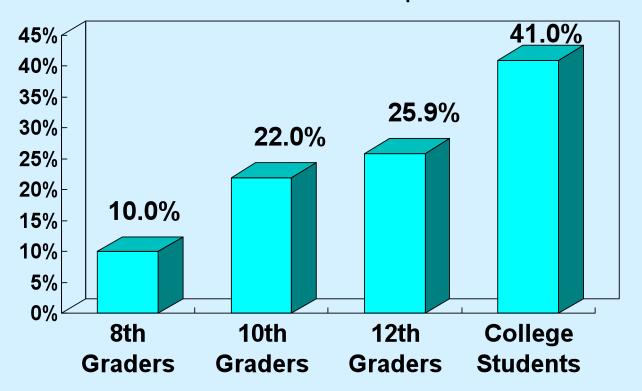
#### US Workforce Urine Tests for Drug Use



■ Positive ■ Negative

#### Binge Alcohol Use, Class of 2007

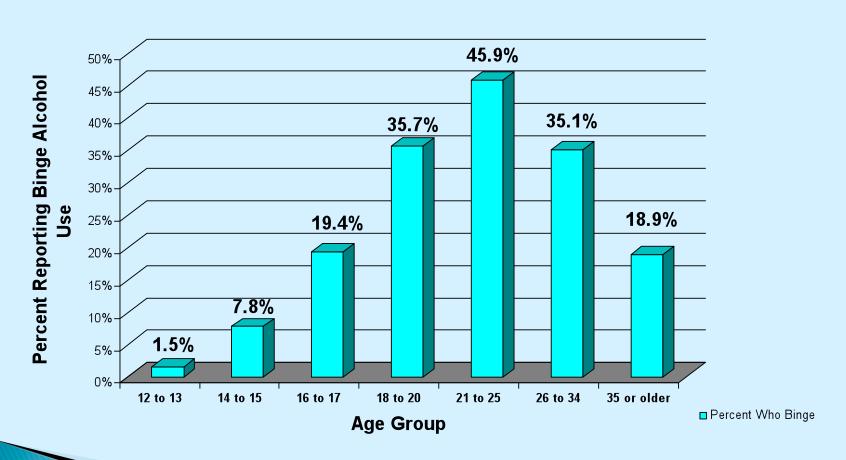
■ % of Students With One or More Episodes in Last 2 Weeks



Source: NIDA 2005 Monitoring the Future Survey, 2007

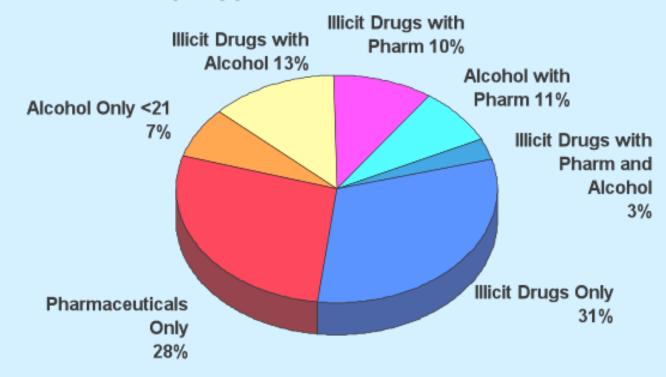
#### Rates of Binge Alcohol Use by Age Group

(Current Use, Past 30 Days)



**NSDUH 2008 Report** 

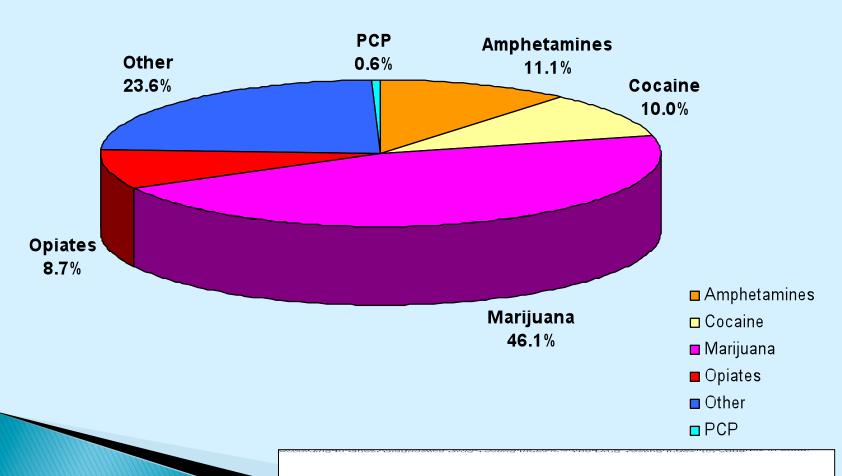
## Drug-Related Emergency Department Visits, by Type of Case: 2006



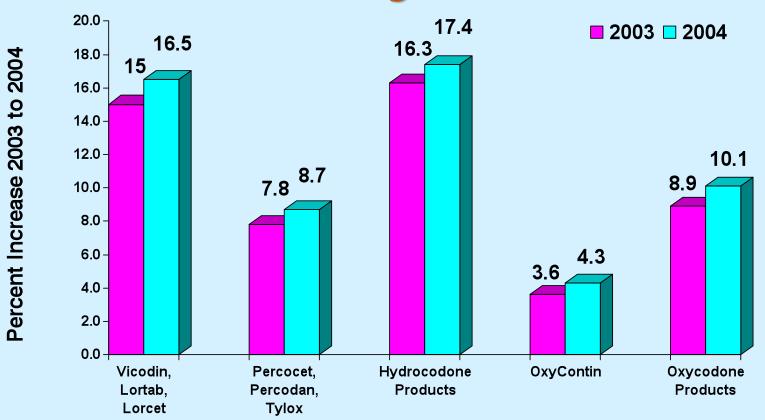
- ✓ Studies indicate about 5 to 28% of all hospital admissions are drug related.
- ✓ About 1.7 million visits to ED associated with substance misuse or abuse.

Sources: SAMFISA, ED Trends - DAWN Final Estimates 2006 & Lit Review

## Non-Negative Rates By Drug/SVT Category - Urine Drug Tests



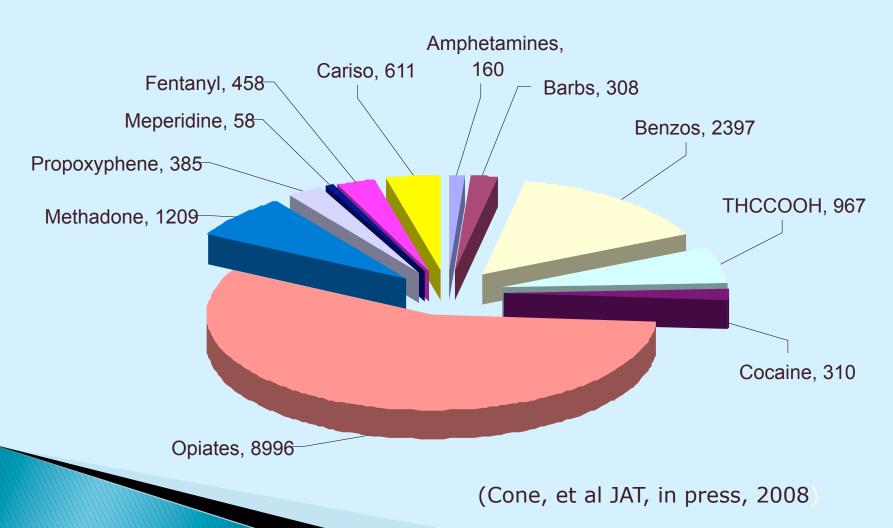
#### Percent Increases in Lifetime Prevalence for Pain Relievers Age 18 to 25



Source: National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings, 2004

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration
www.samhsa.gov

# Results: Overall Drug Prevalence 10,922 Patients, 15,859 Specimens With Drug Group Positives #Positives



## Prevention Works

Combining Substance Abuse Prevention/Early Intervention with Health/Wellness reduces stigma.

Public & Private Concern: Reduces employee, their family's & community substance abuse

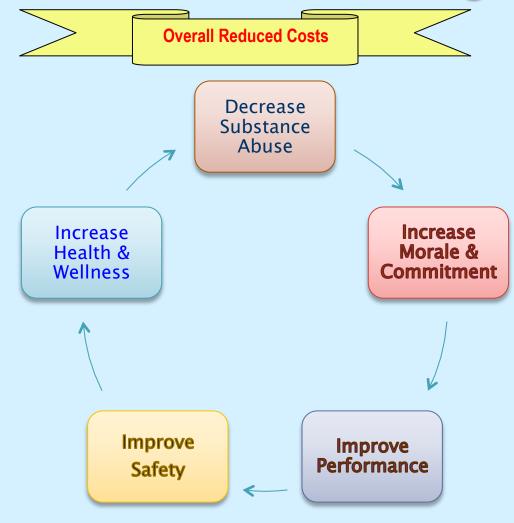
Increases safety, productivity & health of employees.

Competitive Advantage

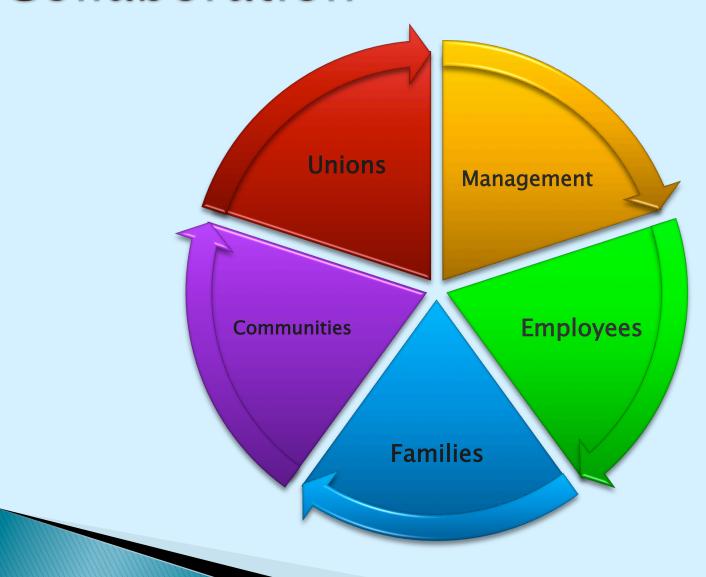
### Why Use an Evidence Based Model?

- ✓Past Avoid repeating problems
- ✓Present Less error, more effect, known costs
- ✓ Future Less litigation, long term benefits

### Workplace Evidence Based Programs



## Collaboration



## SAMHSA Workplace Grant Programs

Workplace Managed Care Program 2001–2005 SAMHSA's
Young Adults
In the
Workplace
2005-present



Phase I 2005 – 2006: Design program from evidence based programs for YIW population

· 13 original grants; 6 Phase II grants

Phase II 2007 - 2009: implement and study outcomes for programs



# Background for YIW: Changing Workforce Demographics

- ▶ More young adults (16–24 years old) in the workforce
  - In absolute terms: Increase of 3.4 million between 2000 and 2010,
     >10x the 1980-1990 rate (Fullerton and Toossi, 2001)
- Shift in values toward teamwork and technological savvy among young adult employees (Zemke et al., 1999)
- Increase in immigration and ethnic diversity of the workforce
  - 1 million legal immigrants in 2001 (DOJ, 2002)
  - Of the employed population, Hispanics outnumber African– Americans: 14% to 11% (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey 2008).

### Substance Use Among Young Adults

- ▶ 16- to 25-Year-Olds
  - Age group most likely to use illicit drugs
  - Highest prevalence of binge and heavy drinking: 41.8% (NSDUH, 2008)
- Substance use is linked to dropping out of school (Bray et al., 2000) and hastened entry into the workforce
- Association of substance abuse with negative workplace outcomes
  - Absenteeism and turnover (Cook and Schlenger, 2002)
  - Problems in job performance (Mangione et al., 1999)
  - Higher medical costs (Trudeau et al., 2002)
  - Higher litigation & security costs (Galvin, 2003)

# Working Youth and Young Adults at Higher Risk

- Youth who work more than 20 hours per week have greater likelihood of:
  - Alcohol and drug use
  - School absenteeism
  - Impaired family relationships
  - Other problem behavior and health problems
     (Wu et al., 2003; Resnick et al., 1997; Bachman and Schulenburg, 1993)
- Among full-time employed adults, highest rates of past year substance use disorders are for males (13.2%) and those 18-25 years old (22.2%) (The NSDUH Report, Issue 38, 2006)

#### The Need

- Many young employees are not reached through schoolbased programs;
- Workplace programs were not developed for young adults;
- Need for Drug-Free Workplaces to be sensitive to young adults' needs & add more health approaches;
- Workplaces -- good opportunities to reach young adults & their families, peers, and co-workers;
- Workplace NREPP programs successful in diverse industries.



## Young Adults in the Workplace (YIW)

- Establish an empirical database documenting employers' experience with interventions aimed at preventing substance abuse among their young adult employees;
- Examine broadly the workplace response to substance abuse among youthful employees;
- Study emerging issues and prepare for the future workplace today and in coming years.

## YIW Program Aims

- Document the Process of YIW Service Delivery and Implementation Across Programs;
- Assess Confounding and Intervening Influences on Effectiveness; and
- Disseminate Findings and Products that can Inform Workplaces Regarding Effective Programs for Preventing and/or Reducing Substance Abuse for Youthful Employees and Their Families



#### **DWP Resources**

#### **DWP Workplace Resource Center Web Site**

- **□Drug Testing Information**
- □Federal Drug Free Workplace Program
- □Drug Free Workplace KIT (print & electronic)
- **□Workplace NREPP Model Programs**
- **□How-to-Guides**
- □GetFit.SAMHSA.GOV

#### Helpline

Personalized technical assistance on non-federal drug free workplace interventions to a wide range of audiences. 1-800-Workplace